

the Austin Safe & Desk Company. The Austin Safe & Desk Company is well known to the commercial interests of San Diego, maintains sales-room at 1131 Third Street, and handles safes, bank and office equipment, and practically everything required in the line of modern appointments for offices and business houses generally. Mr. Austin is also secretary and treasurer of the California Oil Company of Wyoming an organization owning property and developing a large lease of several thousand acres in the proven oil fields of Wyoming. This is an organization of San Diego men, most of the trustees and officers of the company representing that city.

Mr. Austin is a republican in politics. Fraternally he has been prominent in the Knights of Pythias and for the past four years has been deputy imperial prince, and was recently elected to the National Office of Imperial Azim in the Dramatic Order Knights of Khorassan, the social branch of the Knights of Pythias. He is a member of all the Masonic bodies, including the Scottish Rite at San Diego, has filled chairs in the Knights of the Maccabees, is a member of San Diego Lodge No. • 168. Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Improved Order of Red Men, United Commercial Travelers, and is a member and former director of the Rotary Club and the San Diego Chamber of Commerce. His wife and family are active members of the Christian Science Church.

June 2, 1903, at Aberdeen, South Dakota, Mr.. Austin married Miss Mattie Owen. She was born at Sparta, Wisconsin, where part of her girlhood was spent. She was educated there and in Aberdeen, and attended the State Normal School at Madison, South Dakota. Mrs. Austin is prominent socially in San Diego, being a past president of the Point Loma Assembly and a member of the San Diego Club and Amphion Club. Their home is at 2330 Albatross Street. Of their five children only the youngest is a native of San Diego, the others having been born at Aberdeen. The two oldest attend high school, the third is a student in the Frances Parker School and the others are grammar school students. These children are named Genevieve Irene, Virginia Lucile, Warner Wolcott, Gladys Viola and Edgar Owen.

JESSE GILLMORE. While his name is especially honored as one of the outstanding American pioneers of San Diego, the late Colonel Gillmore was in many respects a man of the world, his work and associations bringing him into contact with business and affairs throughout the nation.

He was a member of an old and prominent Southern family and was born at Covington, Louisiana, June 8, 1828. When he was two years old his parents moved to Vicksburg, Mississippi. He was reared and educated largely in that city. In 1841 he accompanied his parents to New Orleans, and in that great southern financial and commercial center he acquired his business training. For a time he was clerk in a money broker's office. He also studied law, was admitted to the bar and practiced for about ten years. In 1851 he was elected a member of the Board of Assistant Aldermen, and a year later was elected an alderman and served four years.

While successful in business and his profession Colonel Gillmore did not find New Orleans an attractive place of residence, and in 1856 moved to Texas, where he became extensively interested in about the only business profitable in Texas at the time, ranching. At one time he owned three large ranches, one for cattle, one for horses and one for sheep. Then came the Civil war, during which a large part of his

property interests was swept away. Though he had always lived in the South, he could not accept the Southern point of view with regard to breaking up the Union. However, for a period of the war he was pressed into the Confederate service, handling cotton in Texas. When the war was over in 1865 he started for the North. He attended the obsequies at the funeral of Abraham Lincoln. For a brief time he was in New York and for two years was a grain merchant at Philadelphia, from that city removing to Baltimore, where for twelve years he conducted a wholesale produce house. In 1878 Colonel Gillmore removed to Idaho Springs, Colorado, and became extensively interested in mining. Failing health compelled him to give up this business, and after sojourning for a period in New Mexico he came to California, and in November, 1885, arrived in San Diego as a passenger on the first train to come into the city over the Santa Fe Railway. The following day he opened a real estate office, a business he carried on at first under his individual name, and after his sons James and Collins came into partnership it was continued as Gillmore & Sons and finally as Gillmore & Company, as it is today. This is one of the oldest established firms in the city, and through it Colonel Gillmore during his life time rendered many important services in the growth and development of the city. He continued active in business until a few years before his death, and even to the last was a familiar figure on the streets nearly every day, looking after his private affairs or busying himself with some project for general advancement. He was one of the most enthusiastic of San Diegans and never lost an opportunity to express his faith and conviction in the great future of the city. One of the earliest friends he made on coming to San Diego was General Sedgwick, and they were devoted companions the rest of their lives. Colonel Gillmore was for many years a member of the San Diego Chamber of Commerce. He was independent in politics, and a man of broad views and many intellectual interests. About 1897, after the Bryan defeat, he wrote a book on the free coinage of silver.

Colonel Gillmore's first wife was Miss Virginia Ivy, a beautiful and accomplished Southern woman. After her death he married Mary P. Collins, whose father was an extensive Louisiana sugar planter. She accompanied him on his first trip to San Diego in 1885. Mrs. Gillmore died in August, 1901. Of her three children Mrs. Ella B. Hulse is the oldest. Collins Gillmore, now retired at San Diego, is the second in age. The third is James, who continues the business of Gillmore & Company, real estate. There are also three grandchildren: Mrs. Bryant Matthews, of Los Angeles; Mrs. Mellen Hatch, of Boston; and Collins Gillmore, Jr.

Colonel Gillmore was a member of the Masonic fraternity and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He died at his home in San Diego June 29, 1910, at the age of eighty-two years and twenty-one days. He was laid to rest in Mount Hope Cemetery.

TAMES GILLMORE for a number of years has been the active head of Gillmore & Company, real estate and loans, one of the oldest concerns of the kind in Southern California. This business was established in 1885, the day after his father, the late Colonel Gillmore, whose life is reviewed elsewhere, reached San Diego, and James Gillmore has had an active association with the business for thirty-five years. He has a knowledge of San Diego realty values such as is possessed by no other in the field, and his business has been the medium for the sale and

transfer of some of the largest and most valuable parcels of city and surrounding property.

The youngest child of Colonel Gillmore, James Gillmore was born at Gonzales, Texas, October 31, 1862. He was an infant when his father moved to the East, lived for several years in Baltimore and Philadelphia, and at the age of fifteen he accompanied his parents to Colorado, where he completed his education. Even while at school he was partly earning his own living, and was employed in a store at Baltimore at the age of nine. For three years his home was at Albuquerque, New Mexico, and he was about twenty-three when he came to San Diego in 1885.

Mr. Gillmore is independent in politics, is a member of the San Diego Chamber of Commerce and has been active in some of the large movements promoted through that organization. He is affiliated with San Diego Lodge No. 168, Benevolent Protective Order Elks, and is a member of the Cuyamaca Club. August 11, 1890, Mr. Gillmore married Alice B. Bennett at San Diego. Their home is at 2665 First Street, and the office of Gillmore Company is in the Spreckels Building. -

WAYNE ALLISON HOOD, is vice president and general manager of the Pure Milk Dairy Company, an institution known by its service and products to nearly every householder in San Diego County. Concerning the extent of the business and its history a more complete account will be found under the name of the company's president, Mr. H. F. Schnell.

Wayne Allison Hood has had a career that is an interesting subject of study. The sum of human experience has taught that some degree of concentration is essential to successful achievement, whereas energies that wander over many fields are seldom productive. Nevertheless, many supremely successful men have a great variety of interests. Mr. Hood though he gained a working acquaintance with a wide range of occupations, was apparently always busy, never an idler, and could scarcely be accused of having been a "rolling stone" even though he had accumulated little of the "moss" of finance before he took up his permanent line.

Mr. Hood was born at Davenport, Iowa, February 26, 1882, son of Marshall J. and Clara (Illingworth) Hood. His father's parents were natives of England and his maternal grandparents, William and Clara (Watts) Illingworth, were natives, respectively, of Yorkshire and Suffield, England. All his ancestors back to the Sixteenth century were born in England and Scotland.

Wayne A. Hood attended public schools to sixth grade and thereafter had occasional contact with a night school, but most of his education came from commercial experience. At the age of seven he was a newsboy, at ten a worker in an ice cream factory, at twelve a florist's assistant, then successively and usually for brief periods was employed in wholesale drugs, groceries, hardware, ice cream, candy, preserves, condiment and extract-making industries and organizations. From 1892 to 1902, from the age of ten to twenty, he was practically unsettled in life, trying first one thing and then another, without being suited, and altogether he estimates that he tried approximately fifty different occupations. During that time he covered a great deal of territory.

Perhaps the beginning of his settled career came in 1903, when he was manager of the candy department of a wholesale grocery concern. During the past nineteen years his efforts have been principally confined to dairy products and candy manufacturing, though for eigh-

teen months he was on a California ranch. He has owned or been a partner in a number of ice cream factories and seven candy shops. He owned a retail confectionery from 1905 to 1909, also owned an ice cream factory and wholesale candy factory at Sheldon, Iowa. He was co-partner in a creamery and butter and *egg* business and then followed, during 1910-12, an experience on a California poultry ranch. During 1912-13 he was member of the Wiley Ice Cream Company in Los Angeles, and in 1913 he moved to San Diego and has since been a factor in the civic growth and prosperity of the Pure Milk Dairy Company. He regards San Diego as his permanent home, and his interests as a citizen are all here.

Outside of business he has been entirely satisfied to serve in the ranks of civic and social organizations. He was rejected for service in the Spanish-American war, being too heavy for his height. He is a republican voter, a member of the Rotary Club, and the Masonic Order, Elks, and United Commercial Travelers.

December 11, 1916, Mr. Hood married Clara May Woodring, daughter of Cyrus and Mary Woodring.

LOUIS ALMGREN is a San Diegan of over thirty years residence, and just twenty years ago entered the service of the fire department. He has been the chief of the city's marvelously efficient fire fighting organization for the past twelve years.

He was born at Peoria, Illinois, February 5, 1876, and has lived at San Diego since he was about eleven years of age. His parents, Louis and Elsie (Peterson) Almgren, are now living retired at North Bend, Oregon. Louis Almgren, Sr., was an interior decorator by trade, an occupation he followed in Illinois. For three years the family lived at Russell, Kansas, and in 1887 came to San Diego. In 1900 the parents moved to Douglas, Arizona, and three years later to North Bend, Oregon. The children consist of two sons and two daughters : Mrs. A. J. Serene, of San Diego ; Louis and Mrs. Edward Schultz, of Los Angeles, and Fred, with his parents in North Bend, Oregon.

Louis Almgren first attended public school in Peoria, Illinois, also at Russell, Kansas, and became a student in the Sherman Heights School in San Diego when that institution was first opened. As a youth he worked under his father at the decorating and painting trade, and at the time of the Spanish-American war enlisted in the navy and was in service two years. He was a member of the California Naval Militia for eighteen years. After leaving the navy he spent a year with the power plant of the Coronado Beach Company and then resumed his trade with Nels Malmberg, still a painting and decorating contractor of San Diego. In 1902 Mr. Almgren entered the San Diego fire department as driver of the hose wagon, and subsequently was promoted to emzineer. He left the department in 1907 and in 1909 was returned as chief engineer of the fire department, and has held that post of duty for seven consecutive terms. The department has been completely reorganized and largely reequipped since Mr. Almgren became chief. The process of motorizing the department was completed in 1916. The fire fighting organization of the city now comprises sixteen stations, with 138 men under the two-platoon system. Under Chief Alingrn's direction the fire department constructed a fire alarm and police signal system, and he also supervised the building of a gasoline fire tug which has a capacity of throwing 5.000 gallons of water a minute. San Diego has a remarkably low insurance rating due to the record of its fire department, and no serious conflagration has occurred in the city itself

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since Mr. Almgren became chief. The two most noted fires were in the harbor. One occurred— June 1, 1910, in the fire on the Alaskan steamship owned by the American Hawaiian Steamship Company, which On account of the meritorious service rendered by the department donated \$10,000 to the Firemen's Relief Association and the repair of operative, and also gave as a special token a gold watch and chain to Chief Almgren. Another fire in the harbor, well remembered, was on the American steamship Sudbury December 7, 1920. The Shawmut Steamship Company, owning this vessel, donated \$1,000 to the Firemen's Pension Relief Fund.

May 1, 1900, Chief Almgren married at San Diego Miss Selma Thresa Liljegren, of San Diego. She was born in San Francisco, but was reared in and educated in the public schools of San Diego. They have two sons and one daughter : Louis R., Sidney Edgar and Gertrude Thresa, all natives of San Diego. Chief Almgren is a member of the various Masonic bodies at San Diego, including Silvergate Lodge, the Chapter, Knight Templar Commandery and the Scottish Rite Consistory. He is a republican in politics, is vice president of the San Diego Rowing Club, a member of the Spanish-American War Veterans. and is affiliated with San Diego Lodge No. 168, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and Red Star Lodge. Knights of Pythias. His home is at 660 Eighteenth Street.

TOHN M. PORTER, whose place in San Diego business affairs is perhaps best identified as senior member of J. M. & R. S. Porter, general insurance and real estate, has lived in the city nearly thirty years, and in days gone by, as at *present, has been a big factor among the constructive forces for the upbuilding of the community.

He was born at Madison, Indiana, March 4, 1862, only child of Stephen and Mary Jane (Rogers) Porter. Stephen Porter, who was a nephew of Admiral Porter, one of the greatest figures in the history of the Civil war, was also a Union soldier, being a sergeant in Company K. of the Fifth Indiana Infantry. He and his wife were both born at Madison, Indiana. In his business as a general contractor he did work all over Southern Indiana and Kentucky. Stephen Porter and wife were happily married for fifty-four years. Their companionship was broken with his death at -Diego in 1914, at the age of seventy-seven, and his widow is stil' San Diego, which has been her home for thirty years.

John M. Porter was public schools and at Morefield Academy at Morefield, Indi made his first trip to San Diego in 1886, and had the contracL shingling the Coronado Hotel in Coronado. San Diego has been his permanent home since 1893. For a number of years he was in the \wholesale and retail grocery business, known as Porter's C. O. D. Grocery, located at Seventh and H streets, now Market Street. He continued in business at that location until 1905, when he sold out and turned his attention to real estate and building. His son Roscoe has been associated with him for a number of years and has been an active member of the firm J. M. & R. S. Porter since 1919.

John M. Porter is one of the principal owners of the Bryant's Jelly Works of San Diego, a concern packing and shipping California fruit all over the world. At one time he was a power in local politics, and about 1900 held the office of police commissioner. He is a republican: In 1900 Mr. Porter bought the famous schooner Lou, and owned that vessel for three years. It is now a wreck on the beach at San Diego.

The Lou had a checkered history. It was formerly a pirate ship, and many men were hanged from her riggings. She came around the Horn as early as 1850. Mr. Porter was at the head of the local Vigilantes organization in 1912 when the I. W. W.'s were driven out of San Diego. These references indicate the wide scope of his constructive influence in the life and affairs of Southern California. In a more specific way he has been identified with the upbuilding of the city, he and his son having constructed fully three hundred homes here. He is a member of the San Diego Realty Board. He was a member of the San Diego Wheelman, predecessor of the Cabrillo Club, of which he is a member and a past director. He is affiliated with San Diego Lodge and Encampment of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

December 24, 1889, Mr. Porter married Miss Lydia Kesler at Stella, Nebraska. She was born in Somerset, Pennsylvania, but was reared and educated in Nebraska.

ROSCOE STEPHEN PORTER. At the age of thirty Roscoe Stephen Porter has an accumulation of achievements that would do credit to a man twice his age. San Diego has been his home nearly all his life. Since high school days his talents and energies have been fruitfully estate and insurance, ranching, land development, military aviation and turned to the manufacture of automobile accessories, dealing in real a number of minor interests.

Mr. Porter, who is now president of the San Diego Realty Board, was born at Omaha, Nebraska, October 16, 1890. and three years later his parents, John M. and Lydia (Kesler) Porter, moved to San Diego, where they still reside. Educated in the public schools, graduating from high school in 1910 Roscoe Stephen Porter at once took tip the automobile accessory business. He is treasurer and member of the Board of the Motor Hardware and Equipment Company of San Diego, and is president of the Mapson Manufacturing Company of Los Angeles, a large concern manufacturing automobile accessories. He founded, Porter, Incorporated, at San Diego, to market the products of the Mapson Company.

Much of his extensive business in insurance and real estate is transacted through the well known firm of J. M. & R. S. Porter. He and his father have built over 300 homes in San Diego and have handled great quantities of real estate in the county. They were identified with the early development of the Imperial Valley, and still have holdings there. For both pleasure and profit Mr. Porter operates a farm of 350 acres in the Viejas Valley of San Diego County, and this is one of the concerns that help to fill out his busy daily program.

For nearly two years he was away from business in the army, going in in 1917 and continuing in the service until 1919. As an aviator he had to his credit several hundred hours of flying, and also had charge of constructing five flying fields on Long Island. He came out with the rank of captain and the title of Reserve Military Aviator.

Besides his official connection with the San Diego Realty Board he is a member of the San Diego Chamber of Commerce, the Advertising Club, is an, active republican in interests though not for office, is affiliated with San Diego Lodge No. 35, F. and A. M., and a member of all the Scottish Rite bodies at San Diego and the Shrine. He is also affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Phi Kappa Gamma and was formerly a director and member of the Cabrillo Club. Recently the San Diego Sun published an article concerning one of his accomplishments that has long been known to his intimate friends. For years he has practiced a method of association by which he has

retained in his memory, ready for instant use, names and other facts about practically every person with whom he has had dealings or acquaintance for twenty years, and it is said that he could instantly call by name fully 60,000 persons whom he has met.

Mr. Porter and family reside at 3141 Redwood Street. He married at San Diego February 28, 1914, Miss Nana MacMillen. She was born and reared at Whitewater, Wisconsin, but finished her education in the San Diego High School. Their one child, Stephen, was born in San Diego, August 7, 1919, the day the Pacific fleet came to the West Coast.

SAM L. HALL is vice president and manager of the Electric Supplies Distributing Company, Inc., of San Diego. A number of years ago he entered the electrical business at San Diego. The company in which he is an executive official does a wholesale business all over the Southwest in automobile, commercial and industrial electric supplies, being distributors for the Westinghouse Lamp Company and the manufactured products of several other internationally known manufacturers.

Mr. Hall was born at Fort Worth, Texas, July 18, 1887, son of Mathias S. and Severina M. (Harum) Hall. His parents were natives of Norway and were brought to America when children. The Harum family settled at Fort Worth and the Halls at Madison, Wisconsin. Mathias Hall was reared in Wisconsin, and after going to Texas met Miss Harum and they were married in Fort Worth. They left that city and came to San Diego soon after the birth of their third child and older son, Sam L. The mother died here in 1916, and the father is still doing business under his individual name as a carpenter and builder. Of their four daughters and two sons all are living except one daughter.

Sam L. Hall has therefore been a resident of San Diego practically all his life. He is a graduate of the old Russ High School, and after high school he had a course in the Kelsey-Jenny Commercial College. In 1905 he entered the employ of the Southern Electrical Company as clerk, and has been in the electrical business ever since. Eventually he became purchasing agent, managing the wholesale department and was a director in the Southern Company. The Electric Supplies Distributing Company was incorporated in December, 1917, since which time he has been its vice president and manager.

Mr. Hall is a republican, is affiliated with Red Star Lodge No. 133, Knights of Pythias; San Diego Lodge No. 168, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and is a member of the Rotary Club, the Y. M. C. A., the San Diego Country Club, Merchants Association, and San Diego Chamber of Commerce. He plays golf when it does not interfere with business. His home is at 3769 First Street. At San Diego July 20, 1912, Mr. Hall married Miss Leah Cora Knight, who was born and educated in Omaha, Nebraska. Their two children, both natives of San Diego, are Helen Louise and Sam L., Jr.

GRANT GUTHRIE is a lawyer by profession, had a successful practice in Nebraska for a number of years, but since coming to San Diego has given his attention to other lines and is now secretary and treasurer of the Electric Supplies Distributing Company.

He was born in Washington, District of Columbia, December 27, 1864, son of Southwick and Sophia (Campion) Guthrie, both of whom

died at Washington. The mother was a native of Philadelphia. Southwick Guthrie was born at Fort Madison, Iowa, served as a soldier in the Mexican war and as a captain in an Iowa regiment in the Civil war. He was for many years identified with the civil service and the official life of Washington, being cashier of the United States treasury, auditor of railroad accounts for the United States, and afterward was attorney in fact, representing the Union Pacific, Central Pacific, and other western railroads in clearing up land grants. He was a staunch republican. His family consisted of two sons and one (laughter. The two sons now living are Grant and Edwin, the latter a patent attorney at Washington.

Grant Guthrie graduated from the grammar and high schools of Washington, had a two years' course in mathematics at Shortlidge Academy at Media, Pennsylvania, and for several years was in the lumber business in Kansas and Nebraska. While 'in Nebraska he studied law, was admitted to the bar of that state, and for about Fifteen years had a successful practice at Harrison in Sioux County. He served three terms, six years, as prosecuting attorney.

Mr. Guthrie removed to San Diego in 1905 and was admitted to the California bar, though he has never used his license to build up a practice. For the past eight years he has been in the electrical business, and for several years had a place of his own on Eighth Street, known as the Bay City Electric Company. He sold that business in 1913 and in 1918 joined the Electric Supplies Distributing Company as office manager, and since January 1, 1921, has been secretary and treasurer of the company.

Mr. Guthrie is a republican, was formerly affiliated with the Masons and Knights of Pythias, is a member of the Woodmen of the World and the Modern Woodmen of America. and a communicant of the Episcopal Church. June 1, 1886, at Netawaka, Kansas, he married Miss Belle G. Robinson, who was born in Salem, New Jersey, where she was reared and educated. They have two sons. Edwin. a native Kansas, and Basil, of Nebraska. The latter is an electrician, while Edwin is a leading representative of San Diego's real estate interests.

AUGUST SENSENBRENNER, who died at his home in San Diego December 11. 1918, was the founder and until his death head of the firm A. Sensenbrenner & Sons, cigar manufacturers and jobbers, one of the largest enterprises of its kind on the Pacific Coast.

Mr. Sensenbrenner was a pioneer business man of San Diego. He was trained as a youth to the trade of cigar manufacturer and knew that industry from every angle. In San Diego he started with a one-man plant, and built up the business known to tobacco merchants and cigar manufacturers and practically every individual smoker throughout the Southwest. Santa Le and Cabrillo cigars, the most popular brands manufactured, have for years been regarded as the standard of excellence, and their popularity has caused them to be shipped to the East, though the normal territory for their consumption is the Pacific Coast.

The late Mr. Sensenbrenner was one of San Diego's most public-spirited citizens, a fact amply testified to during his lifetime and by the many tributes paid him at the time of his death. He was born in Baden, Germany, in 1855, son of Christian and Eva (Welsh) Sensenbrenner. He was reared and educated in his native country, and as a youth served an apprenticeship in a cigar factory at Lahr. At the age of sixteen he came to America, and he worked at his trade in the East until 1878, when he moved to California and established a factory of his own in San Francisco. During the eighties, while San Diego was

enjoying its first period of growth and prosperity, Mr. Sensenbrenner's attention was attracted to the city, partly for its commercial advantages and also for the marvelous climate. He moved here in 1887 and soon opened up a small cigar factory. He had and lived up to certain high ideals in business. He emphasized scrupulous care and sanitary methods in his manufacture, and the quality of his product was the source of the big patronage the firm has enjoyed. During his lifetime his factory expanded until it had a hundred persons on the pay roll.

Mr. Sensenbrenner was a member of the Chamber of Commerce, Manufacturers' Association, Merchants' Association, took a deep interest in city welfare projects, and was a popular member of several fraternities, including the Elks.

In 1888 he married Miss Matilda Fritz, daughter of Louis and Magdalena Fritz. She was born at West Point, New York, and died December 22, 1910. Mr. and Mrs. Sensenbrenner are survived by two sons, August, Jr., and Louis, who now continue the business under the old firm name and with constant reference to the ideals of their honored father.

EDGAR LEE HEWETT, director of the San Diego Museum, is one of America's foremost archeologists, and the entire Southwest owes many debts to his scholarship, enthusiasm and effort toward collecting and preserving the memorials of antiquity in this region.

Doctor Hewett was born in Warren County, Illinois, November 23, 1865, son of H. H. and Tabitha (Stice) Hewett. He was reared in Illinois, taught country schools in Northwest Missouri during 1884-1886. and pursued studies in Tarkio College, where he was Professor of Literature and History during 1886-87. From 1889 to 1902 he was superintendent of schools at Fairfax, Missouri, and Florence, Colorado, and was superintendent of the training department of the State Normal School at Greeley, Colorado, from 1894 to 1898. In 1898 he received the degree Master of Pedagogy from the Teachers College at Greeley. Dr. Hewett was president of the New Mexico Normal University from 1898 to 1903. He then went abroad, was a student in the University of Geneva in Switzerland, where he received the degree Doctor of Social Sciences in 1908. In 1917 the University of Arizona conferred upon him the degree LL. D.. While abroad he also pursued extended research work in classical and oriental archeology in Italy, Greece, Palestine and Egypt, and has participated in many archeological expeditions in Mexico and Central America.

Since 1907 Doctor Hewett has been director of American Research for the Archaeological Institute of America, has been director of the School of American Archeology, now the School of American Research, since 1907, and since 1909 director of the Museum of New Mexico at Santa Fe, where he spends half of each year. In 1911 he accepted the Post of director of exhibits in science and art at the Panama-California Exposition at San Diego and held that post through the building of the Fair in connection with his regular scientific work. He has been director of the San Diego Museum since its foundation in 1917.

Doctor Hewett is author of numerous papers on American archeology, anthropology, sociology and education. He directed the excavation of the ancient Maya City of Quirigua, Guatemala, and numerous excavations among the ancient cliff dwellings and pueblos of Colorado, Utah, Arizona, and New Mexico, and has been director of anthropological expeditions in those states and in California for the past fifteen years. He made known and named the cliff dwelling region of Pajarito

Plateau in New Mexico. Doctor Hewett drew up the laws passed in 1906 for the preservation of American antiquities and national monuments, and in that year he made the survey on which Mesa Verde National Park was established.

He is a fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, is a life member of the Archeological Institute of America, has been president of its San Diego Society since 1915, and secretary for the Southwestern states since 1919. He was chairman of the State Historical Service and director of the State Child Welfare Service under the New Mexico State Council of Defense during the World war, and since 1919 has been vice president of the American Federation of Arts. He is chairman of the Commission on National Monuments of the National Parks Association. Doctor Hewett is a member of the Cosmos Club of Washington and the University Club of San Diego.

September 16, 1891, he married Cora E. Whitford, who died December 8, 1905. December 30, 1911, he married Donizetta A. Wood, of Red Oak, Iowa.

KENT GRANT BUSH and his father, G. A. Bush, have been the men primarily responsible for giving San Diego County some of its finest houses of entertainment, now known and conducted as a partnership under the title of Bush Theaters. The Bush Theaters are four in number : The Superba, at Third and C streets, and the Broadway, at Eighth and Broadway, in San Diego ; the Silver Strand, at Coronado, and the Vista, at East San Diego.

Kent Grant Bush prior to coming to San Diego half a dozen years ago was in a promising way toward becoming a successful brick manufacturer. He was born in Lincoln, Nebraska, Jul^y 13, 1887, son of Grant A. and Mabel Bush, the former a native of Iowa and the latter of Nebraska.

Kent G. Bush was liberally educated, attending the high school at El Paso, Texas, three ^years: the University of Colorado at Boulder one year, and for two years was a special student in the Ohio State University at Columbus, where he took courses in clay working and ceramics, preparatory to his chosen business of brick manufacturing. After leaving college he was in the service of several industries manufacturing brick and other clay products, wall plaster and gypsum industries. For two years he was superintendent of the brick and plaster plant at Ancho, N'ew Mexico, and for one year was conncted with a brick plant in El Paso.

Mr. Bush came to San Diego in 1915 and became associated with his father in organizing the Broadway Amusement Company. This company bought and operated the Broadway Theater and the Superba Theater, and subsequently built and operated the Kearney Theater at Camp Kearney while the soldiers were there. They also opened and now operate the Silver Strand Theater at Coronado, and built the Vista Theater in East San Diego. In 1920 the name of the enterprise was changed to Bush Theaters.

Kent G. Bush had six months of service in the army air department at Rockwell Field in North Island. He was in the camera gun section. At El Paso September 21, 1910. he married Alice J. Newcomb. Her father, judge Simon B. Newcomb, was a Canadian, went as a young man to New Mexico territor^y before the Santa Fe Railroad was built, and gained many distinctions in the affairs of the territory and state. He served as district judge of Dona Anna County, New Mexico. **Mr.** and Mrs. Bush have a daughter and two sons, Abbie Jean, Grant and Kent Bush, Jr.

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J. L. ROGERS, San Diego citizens both permanent and temporary have for several years been appreciative in practical patronage of the Rogers Shop for Men, one of the finest clothing and furnishings goods stores in Southern California. Mr. Rogers, its proprietor, has had a long and active experience in all lines of the clothing industry, as a manufacturer, merchant and traveling representative.

He is an American in everything but birthplace. He was born at Libau in the Baltic Province of Latvia December 25, 1876. His father, Leopold Rogers, soon afterward brought the family to America and established a home in Boston, where he is still living. The mother died when J. L. Rogers was eight years old. Mr. Rogers is the only representative of the family in California, some of his sisters and brothers living in New York and Boston.

He acquired a public school education in Boston, but at the age of thirteen was working to earn his own way and learning the business that he has followed ever since. He clerked for wholesale clothing houses in Boston and New York, and in ten years was on the road as a traveling salesman. When he left the road he became a clothing manufacturer at Boston under the firm name Rogers & Block, remaining there about two years.

Mr. Rogers came to California in 1907, and continued to travel in the clothing business, with headquarters in this state, until about 1911, when he located permanently at San Diego. Here he engaged in business for himself with a limited capital and with a small stock, and in ten years built up the attractive store of which he is proprietor today.

Mr. Rogers came to California in 1907, and continued to travel in of San Diego and the Shrine and Scottish Rite, is affiliated with Red Star Lodge No. 153, Knights of Pythias, and San Diego Lodge No. 168. Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. At Los Angeles February 28, 1915, he married Miss Elsie Asher. She was born at Tehachapi, California, is a graduate of the Los Angeles High School and of the State Normal School at Los Angeles, and after graduating taught school until her marriage, her teaching work being done in Los Angeles, Riverside and Alhambra. Mr. and Mrs. Rogers, who reside at 3224 Freeman Street, Loma Portal, have one daughter, Sylvia Phyllis, who was born in San Diego.

FRANK FEGER, an ex-service man with a record in the United States Marines, is a member of the firm Feger Brothers, custom tailors, who in the last four or five years have built up a splendid business at 243 West F Street in San Diego.

Mr. Feger was born in Vukovar, Slavonia, Jugo-Slavia, September 12, 1890, son of Anton and Anne (Szabo) Feger, who are still living in Slavonia. His father has been in the United States twice, but was never in California. Frank and John Feger are the two oldest in a family of four sons and one daughter, and are the only members of the family in America.

Frank Feger attended school in Slavonia, including a trade school for training as a tailor. Most of his education, however, was acquired in a private school at St. Louis, Missouri. He was fifteen when he came to the United States and after reaching New York proceeded direct to St. Louis, Missouri. For two years he was employed at his trade as a tailor, and worked in some of the best establishments at St. Louis. For six months he was at Memphis, Tennessee, following which came a sojourn at different points in the East. when he returned to Memphis and remained until 1910. From then until the fall of 1911

he was at Helena, Arkansas, spent a short time at Dallas, Texas, six or seven months, at Fort Worth, and two months at Oklahoma City, all this time following his trade as a tailor. He was also at Pueblo, Colorado Springs, and Denver, Colorado, Cheyenne, Wyoming, and at Cheyenne enlisted in the United States Marines. He was sent to Mare Island, California, in 1912, and was in that famous organization of the army and navy four years. He was sent to Mexico during the troubles that called a portion of the American fleet to that country in 1914. For that he received a campaign badge. Later he made a trip to Alaska with a surveying party engaged in surveying the coal fields. He made three trips to the Hawaiian Islands, and most of the time he was in service was spent in Honolulu. He received an honorable discharge in 1916, with a good conduct medal as a private.

During the World War Mr. Feger was a corporal in the Barracks Attachment at Balboa Park, San Diego, serving as post tailor in charge of the reclamation department. He received his honorable discharge September 10, 1919, with another good conduct bar.

Mr. Feger and his brother John opened their San Diego store on West F Street April 1, 1917, and the business was looked after by John Feger while Frank was in the United States Marines. Since his discharge Mr. Feger has renewed his trade and business with exceptional energy and initiative. Their business was conducted as the San Diego Tailoring Company until 1918, since which time they have been known as Feger Brothers.

Frank Feger is a republican in politics. He is affiliated with the Loyal Order of Moose and was a trustee of the local lodge in 1919-20, and is secretary of Moosehart Legion or Sunshine Legion No. 49. He is treasurer of the local association of the Pacific Coast Merchant Tailors Association, is a member of the First Lutheran Church, in which he holds the office of deacon, and his firm has membership in the Chamber of Commerce.

At San Diego, October 3, 1919, he married Miss Louise M. Skarie, of Racine, Wisconsin, where she was born and educated. Her father, the late Hans Skarie, was a successful implement dealer at Racine. Mrs. Feger is a member of the Woman's Mooseheart Legion and of the First Lutheran Church.

JOHN FEGER, is junior member of Feger Brothers, merchant tailors, at 243 West F Street in San Diego.

He was born in Vukovar, Slavonia, in Jugo-Slavia, November 25, 1894, son of Anton and Anna (Szabo) Feger. He received his education, training as a tailor, and had an extensive travel experience over Europe before coming to America. He landed in New York in 1913, making the journey from Southampton, England, where he was employed for a time at his trade. He had worked in various cities of Austria and Hungary, including Vienna, and was in Switzerland and Paris as well as at Southampton. After coming to America Mr. Feger attended an evening high school at St. Louis, Missouri, and also a high school in San Diego. He next went out to Plainville, Minnesota, and had some notion of becoming a farmer. He soon afterward left for Milwaukee, where he worked at his trade six months, and was then located at St. Louis four years. While there he was drafted for the service and was sent to Camp Funston, Kansas, where he was company tailor for Company A of the 314th Engineers. He was on duty about six months, and after his discharge returned to St. Louis and 'shortly

afterward came to San Diego, where on April 22, 1918, he took charge of his brother Frank's business while the latter went into the army. John Feger has been a member of Feger Brothers since January 1, 1921, and before that had practical charge of the business.

He is unmarried, is a republican, a member of the Loyal Order of Moose, the Pacific Coast Merchant Tailors Association and the San Diego Chamber of Commerce.

LIEUT. E. RAUL FORD, city engineer of East San Diego and a veteran of the World war, is one of the most experienced men of his profession in the county. He was born in Cawker City, Kansas, the son of B. and Octavia Ford, his father being a native of Kentucky and his mother of Missouri.

Lieutenant Ford was educated in the engineering department of the University of Arkansas. Since then he has been connected with many big contracts, being assistant engineer with the Missouri Pacific Railroad Company, and designing and building several light and power plants and supervising the construction of several sewer and water systems in the Middle West. Subsequently he was general superintendent for the Dalworth Company at Dalworth, Texas, having entire charge of the building of the entire city, and from there he came to San Diego, California, in 1911, and became resident engineer for the San Diego Securities Company, supervising the construction of "Loma Portal," and "Olivewood Terrace," two of the highest class subdivisions in the City of San Diego. In 1913 he was appointed assistant city engineer of the City of East San Diego and in 1916' he was appointed city engineer of the same city.

In the summer of 1917 Lieutenant Ford was appointed field engineer for the United States Government at Camp Kearney having charge of the laying out of all construction work in connection with this large Government cantonment and later held the same position in connection with the construction of Rockwell Field on North Island and in connection with the enlarging of Fort Rosecrans. For this very important work for the Government Lieutenant Ford was commissioned by the Government and assigned to active duty with the Four Hundred and Third Engineers. From there he was transferred to Camp Humphreys, Virginia, where he remained until after the signing of the armistice, after which he was honorably discharged and given a commission in the Officers' Reserve Corps, U. S. A. He then returned to California and was associated with David H. Ryan on street and highway construction until March 3, 1921, when he was again appointed city engineer of the City of East San Diego for the purpose of designing and supervising the construction of some thirty-eight miles of sewers, together with numerous other improvements in connection with the office. In addition to his duties as city engineer he has been entrusted with the supervision of both the sewer and electrical departments of the city.

East San Diego was incorporated in 1912 and Lieutenant Ford was one of its incorporators, and has never lost interest in the city which he has helped to bring into existence.

Lieutenant Ford married in 1911 Miss Louise Cogbill, and they have two children, May Louise and E. Paul, Jr. Lieutenant Ford belongs to the American Legion, American Association of Engineers, the American Society of Military Engineers, Modern Woodmen of America and the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

MRS. LILLIAN E. JACKSON did not indulge in the desolating and disintegrating influences of impotent grief when deprived by death of both her husband and her only child, but girded herself earnestly to do her part in the world's work and to find consolation in service. She has made a splendid record in her chosen profession and now occupies the responsible position of superintendent of nurses and the nurses' training school of the San Diego County General Hospital. She is a woman of broad human sympathies that find expression in service and helpfulness rather than mere sentiment, and her work is benignant and constructive in an eminent degree.

Mrs. Jackson, whose maiden name was Hockett, was born on the Island of Madagascar, where her father was at the time in missionary service as a member of the London Missionary Society, maintained under the auspices of the Congregational Church. When Mrs. Jackson was six years of age her father was granted a two years' furlough from his insular service and took her to England, where she was placed in Walthamstow College at Seven Oaks, Kent County, this being a broadening and finishing school for daughters of missionaries. In this institution Mrs. Jackson continued her studies until the time of her graduation, and as she was still too young to take up the course for nurses she entered the Norland Institute, where she was given special training in kindergarten work and the care of children. In England she became affianced to Ernest George H. Jackson, and after their betrothal he came to the United States, where opportunities and advantages were such as to lead him to establish a permanent residence in this country. In 1904 Mrs. Jackson came to this country, and her marriage was solemnized at Yampa, Colorado, where they maintained their residence several years. They afterwards lived in Pomeroy, Washington, and Stroh, Indiana, also at Batavia, near Cincinnati, Ohio, where their son, Arthur Emerson, was born. Her husband's health failing at this time, they moved to Socorro, New Mexico, where in 1910 the little boy died and Mrs. Jackson was left both a widow and childless. Lifting herself to the plane of action and service, she turned to the occupation which seemed most nearly in line with her previous training. She had taken at Brighton Hospital in England a special course of training in the care of children and after the death of her husband and son she entered the Los Angeles County Hospital, where in 1912, she was graduated in the training school for nurses. There she remained four and one-half years thereafter in the capacity of instructor in the training school and assistant to the superintendent of nurses. Later she went to Berkeley, this state, and completed a course in hospital administration and training school methods. Upon her return to Los Angeles she assumed charge of the Methodist Hospital Training School for Nurses, and later she was for a brief period principal of the nurses' training school in the Pasadena Hospital. Her experience thus eminently qualified her for the duties which she assumed in 1920 when she accepted and assumed her present executive office in the San Diego County General Hospital. Here she is in active charge of the training school for nurses, and the same offers exceptional advantages to young women desirous of preparing themselves for the noble profession of nursing. The nurses' home of this hospital is the best and most beautiful institution of its kind in Southern California. It is a modern building of most attractive architectural design, separated entirely from the general hospital atmosphere, and in her technical and executive capacity, as well as in her gracious social attitude, Mrs. Jackson holds a place high in the esteem of the officials and students of the hospital and the training

school. In conclusion may be consistently offered the following brief extracts from a descriptive pamphlet issued by the San Diego County General Hospital:

"The training school is fortunate in possessing the best and most beautiful Nurses' Home in the south of California. Very attractive are the archways leading on to a large, square court before the entrance of the homelike residence. It is a separate building on the grounds, where the nurses may enjoy freedom from restraint and receive their guests when off duty. Each room is large, airy, well lighted, well equipped, with steam heat and hot and cold water at all hours. While concentration upon the strictly professional side of life is required, social diversion—musicals, parties, dances and picnics—occur at frequent intervals. Besides the reception room there is the large recreation hall, with piano and victrola, where the students give entertainments, enjoy dancing, basketball and other sports. A tennis court out of doors is provided, and is in frequent use by internes and nurses. There is a kitchen where they may indulge in candy making and light cooking; a library, a sewing room and ironing room—in fact, everything has been considered for the comfort and convenience of the pupil and the supplying of the home atmosphere and mental and physical relaxation so necessary:.

ALLEN HENRY WRIGHT has been a resident of San Diego since 1904. and is prominently connected with newspaper, literary and civic affairs

He was born at Rome. New York, April 20, 1873, son of Samuel A. and Ann E. Wright. His liberal education began in the public schools and he graduated from the Free Academy of Rome in 1891 and from the New York State College for Teachers in 1893. An experience of a year and a half as a teacher brought him to his permanent career as a newspaper man. While in the East he was city editor of the Daily Sentinel at Rome New York, of the Daily Telegraph at Sharon, Pennsylvania, was editor of the Daily Press at Long Beach, California, and since coming to San Diego has been reporter of the San Diego Sun, Union and Tribune and telegraph editor on the Tribune. Besides the routine of daily newspaper work Mr. Wright has been a contributor to magazines and other periodicals and is frequently referred to as an authority on California history. He is a former city clerk of San Diego, entering that office January 1. 1911. During 1916 he was president of the League of California Municipalities. In the World war he was secretary of the San Diego Community Council 'of Defense. special enrollment agent for the Public Service Reserve, special recruiting agent for the Motor Transport Corps, a captain during the Red Cross, Liberty Bond, Thrift Stamp and other drives, and as city clerk he handled the registration throughout the city for the first draft.

Mr. Wright is a republican, is affiliated with San Diego Lodge No. 35, F. and A. M., San Diego Lodge of Perfection No. 8 of the Scottish Rite, and is a member of the Cabrillo Club and the Presbyterian Church. He is a cousin of the distinguished writer, Harold Bell Wright. Mr. Wright is secretary of the San Diego Chapter, California Society, Sons of the American Revolution, member of the Society of Mayflower Descendants, member of the National Geographic Society. American Historical Association, member of the Illinois State Historical Society and its corresponding member ; member of the American Numismatic Association American Red Cross, San Diego County Division

California War History Committee, and committeeman for Troop 28, San Diego. Council, Boy Scouts of America.

Tune 25, 1901, at Waterville, New York, he married Florence May Bangs, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Bangs. His two children are Allyn Henry Wright, Jr., and Helen Frances Wright.

WARREN E. LIBBY. Though born and reared in the Pine Tree State Warren E. Libby after completing his literary and legal education sought San Diego as the scene of his professional career, and has enjoyed very distinctive success as a lawyer. His name has been associated with some of the most important litigation in the State and Federal Courts, and also with civic and patriotic programs.

The name of Libby was brought to this country by four brothers about the time of the Revolutionary war, and a great many members of the Libby family in America have earned more than local - distinction. Mr. Libby was born at Lisbon, Maine, April 8, 1888. He is the only son of Warren L. and Rachael A. (Woodrow) Libby. His mother was born in Canada of Scotch parents, and is still living at Auburn, Maine. Warren L. Libby was born and lived his life in Maine, where he died in 1905. He was a very active and successful business man for a great Many years at Auburn, and was prominent in politics as a staunch democrat.

Warren E. Libby is one of two children, his sister being Minnie E., wife of Mervin Marco, of Syracuse, New York. Mr. Libby spent his boyhood at Auburn and Lisbon, attending the public schools in both places, and was graduated from the Edward Little High School of Auburn in 1905. He received his A. B. degree from Bates College in 1909, and after spending a year teaching and coaching athletics at Goddard Seminary in Barre, Vermont, took his law course in George Washington University Law School at Washington, D. C. Throughout his school career he was prominent in debating and athletics. Upon leaving Washington he came to California, was admitted to the bar in July, 1912, and on September 16th of the same year was admitted to practice in the United States District Court for the District of Southern California. He was admitted to the Northern California District February 15, 1918. Mr. Libby began his law practice at San Diego August 19, 1912, with offices in the Union Building, where he is still located. He has a general practice and is recognized as an authority on motor transportation law, being general counsel for the Pickwick Stages, White Star Auto Stages, and the Boulevard Express.

At Pasadena, June 30, 1913, he married Miss Elsie Pomeroy, who was born at Yarmouth, Maine, and who is a daughter of Louis Philip and Claribel (Sargent) Pomeroy, both of whom were born in Maine. The Pomeroy's moved from Yarmouth, Maine, to Pasadena, California, in 1905. Mrs. Libby is a direct descendant of Miles Standish, John Alden and Stephen Hopkins of "The Mayflower." She acquired her early education at Yarmouth, and then attended Bates College. She is a member of the College Woman's Club, which she has served as its president, and of the Wednesday Club, which she has served as a director.

Mr. Libby has been active in republican politics chiefly for his friends. During America's participation in the World war he was acting chairman of the Four Minute. Men of San Diego County. Fraternally he is a charter member and a past master of Blackmar Lodge No. 442, F. and A. M., and has been senior grand steward of the Grand Lodge of California, and is now serving as a member of the

grievance committee of the Grand Lodge. He is a member of the University Club, the San Diego Country Club, the Chamber of Commerce, the San Diego California Club, the San Diego Bar Association, the Lawyer's Institute, the California Bar Association and the American Bar Association. Mr. Libby is a member of First Church of Christ, Scientist, of San Diego, in which he has held the highest offices.

DAVID W. PONTIUS is the vice president and general manager of the Pacific Electric Railway Company, and all the enthusiasm and energies of his life have been expended upon railroading as a career.

Mr. Pontius was born in Upper Sandusky, Ohio, March 24, 1869, son of Adam and Elizabeth Pontius. He had the opportunities and privileges open to the average American boy whose parents have not freed themselves from the daily struggle for a living. He attended public school at Upper Sandusky and later took some courses in the Ohio Northern University at Ada. While a boy he helped his father in hardware store at Upper Sandusky.

A character analyst who has studied Mr. Pontius' features -and his career says : "David W. Pontius was born with a natural desire to construct. He was born a builder, just as some people are born to write or to rule. Thus by a well balanced mentality he early began his career in the work of his liking, and has never deviated from constructive work. He began life with a clear conception of mechanical ingenuity. He had constructive imagination and a sense of inventiveness; a sense of a use of mechanical things and how to apply them. Had he aspired no higher he might have gone in for mechanical work and in due course of time arisen to be a manufacturer of commodities. But he had a high faculty of reason and a natural faculty of mobility—the ability of distribution. This led to an early interest in railroading and the handling of traffic. Every phase of railroading is constructive. Every executive becomes a builder. Mr. Pontius might have chosen one of several roads up to the head of general manager but he followed the road of his natural ability ; the active and operative executive, the management of distribution of traffic ; the wonderful system of railroad operation. He is naturally a man of action ; he likes the out of doors and the excitement of motion ; the stimulus of promotion."

Mr. Pontius commenced as clerk in the office of supervisor of tracks for the Pennsylvania Railroad at Upper Sandusky at wages of a dollar a day. His spare hours at night he employed at learning telegraphy. As telegraph operator his first position was at Minneapolis with the Chicago Great Western Railroad. He was on duty at different points along that line one year. For another year he was telegraph operator and agent at different stations in Oregon for the Union Pacific. For one year he was with the Northern Pacific at Tacoma and Montezano, Washington, as operator and agent.

He then joined the Southern Pacific at San Francisco, that being about thirty years ago. From San Francisco he worked out over the different lines as operator and agent, was promoted to trainmaster and agent at Lathrop, then to district freight and passenger agent for the Riverside District, including the Imperial Valley. For a time he was traffic manager of the Los Angeles Pacific Railway, and then became traffic manager of the Pacific Electric Railway, the largest electrical railway system in the world. During the course of its construction Mr. Pontius was assigned to duties as general manager of the San Diego & Arizona Railway, famous as the new direct transcontinental line between San Diego and the East. This scenic railway, which for forty

miles runs through Mexico, was completed December 1, 1919. Recently Mr. Pontius returned to the Pacific Electric Railway Company, of which he is now the vice president and general manager, with headquarters in Los Angeles. He has direct charge of the property.

Mr. Pontius is a director of the San Diego Cotton Mills. He is a republican in politics, a member of the Masons and Odd Fellows, the Cuyamaca Club and San Diego Country Club. At Tracy, California, he married Alice Malena Banfill, daughter of R. H. and Alice E. Banfill.

ALTHEA HESTER WARREN has been librarian of the San Diego Public Library since 1917 a post of responsibility and service that makes her one of the interesting women of the city.

Miss Warren who was born at Waukegan, Illinois, December 18, 1886, can claim ancestors who were persons of more than ordinary character and distinction. Her father was Lansing Warren, whose father was a native of England and whose mother was Mary Ann Seymour of Albany, New York. Lansing Warren, who was born in 1857, graduated from Princeton University in 1880, and for twenty years was a well known journalist. He began newspaper work as a reporter for the Chicago Daily News. He was editor of the Denver Times, business manager of the old Chicago Inter-Ocean, was publisher of the Milwaukee Sentinel and died at Milwaukee October 13, 1900. For many years his home was at Lake Forest, Illinois. The mother of Miss Warren is Emma (Blodgett) Warren, now living at San Diego. Her father was an eminent judge and lawyer, the late Henry W. Blodgett of Illinois, who died in 1905 and who was Federal judge of the First District of Illinois from 1870 to 1893. Judge Blodgett was a son of Israel Blodgett, of Amherst, Massachusetts, and the Blodgetts are a New England family of seven generations or more residence. Judge Blodgett married Alatheia Crocker of Hamilton, New York, a direct descendant of John Howell and Elizabeth Tilley of the Mayflower.

Althea Hester Warren graduated from the high school of Waukegan, Illinois, in 1904, received a Ph. B. degree from the University of Chicago in 1908, and graduated from the University of Wisconsin Library School in 1911. She began her career in library work in the fall of 1911 as a branch librarian of the Chicago Public Library, and for over a year had charge of a branch on the Northwest side of the city, where most of her work was distributing volumes of fairy tales to the Polish and Jewish children. In October, 1912, Miss Warren became librarian for the Chicago mail order house of Sears Roebuck & Company, which then counted 10,000 employes in its Chicago plant. She was librarian and a factor in the social welfare work of this institution until June, 1914, when she resigned to join other members of her family at San Diego.

Tanuary 1, 1915, she entered upon her duties in the San Diego Public Library, being employed as re-cataloger during that year and 1916, was acting librarian in 1916 and a portion of 1917. until regularly chosen librarian in the latter year. Miss Warren served as vice president of the California Library Association in 1917-18 and as president of the Sixth District of the association in 1917, and as president in 1922. She is a member of the San Diego Business and Professional Women's Club, the San Diego Women's Civic Center and the executive committee of the Open Forum, is a member of the Congregational Church and is independent in politics.

HYMAN LISCHNER, M. D. The resources of San Diego as a popular health resort are indebted to Dr. Hyman Lischner for two invaluable institutions of his founding, one in San Diego itself, the Lischner Sanatorium for Children, and the other thirty miles from the coast in the foothills, the Alpine Sanatorium, an institution and an environment primarily for patients suffering some affliction of the respiratory tract, including tuberculosis.

Dr. Lischner before coming West had achieved no small degree of distinction as a specialist in diseases of children and as a dietician. Most of his time since coming to San Diego has been devoted to the same special lines. The Alpine Sanatorium was established in 1920, while his children's sanatorium has been successfully maintained for a number of years.

Dr. Lischner was born in Southern Russia, October 27, 1880, son of Maurice and Mechla Lischner. The family came to the United States in 1895, lived for several years on a farm in New York State, subsequently moved to San Diego and now occupy a ranch at La Mesa. There are four children, Doctor Hyman being the oldest and only son. His sister, Rebecca, is a registered nurse and superintendent of the Alpine Sanatorium. The two younger daughters, Pauline and Leah, have recently completed their high school education.

Dr. Hyman Lischner acquired a common school education in Russia, afterward attended public school in New York City, and completed his literary course in the College of the City of New York. In 1904 he graduated with the degree of M. D. from the New York Homeopathic Medical College and Flower Hospital. After a year's clinical experience in the Metropolitan Hospital, and as a result of his special proficiency and abilities, he was made chief of the Children's Clinic in the noted Flower Hospital. He held that position three years, and for a brief period was a state health inspector of New York. For a time he confined his work to dietetics, and before coming West was offered the position of dietician in the Bellevue Hospital of New York City.

Doctor Lischner interrupted a promising career in the East to locate in San Diego in 1909. While he has looked after a general practice, his time and abilities have been more and more taken up with his work in children's cases. His extensive practice in this field led him three years ago to establish the Lischner Sanatorium for Children, which occupies a splendid site at Juniper and Thirtieth streets, overlooking Balboa Park. From a modest beginning it has grown to two well equipped buildings, besides a nurses' cottage. It is an institution for the individual care and treatment of children suffering from various disorders, and besides the facilities of a standard hospital it provides special advantages for cases requiring prolonged care, the arrangements allowin^g the separation of children into proper groups, and providing homelike living accommodations, special regard to diet and hygiene, a perfect climatic environment for outdoor life, and a staff of physicians and nurses specially trained for children's work.

During 1920 Dr. Lischner completed plans for the organization and equipment for the Alpine Sanatorium, said to be the largest institution of its kind in Southern California. For such an institution the environment, the climate and extent and nature of the grounds are as essential as the building equipment and technical facilities. The grounds owned by the Sanatorium comprise 280 acres in the foothills of the Cuyamaca Mountain Range, thirty miles east of San Diego, at an average altitude of 2,000 feet above the sea. They are protected from sea fogs and

cold winds, and enjoy as nearly a perfect equilibrium of temperature ranges as can perhaps be found anywhere in America. Much of the estate is highly cultivated, and the grounds possess many of the charms of large country estates in England. The buildings are on the small unit plan, thus avoiding the concentration of numerous patients under a single roof, and Doctor Lischner and associates have so far as possible eliminated the routine hospital atmosphere from the institution. All the most improved agencies and technical devices for the relief and cure of pulmonary and similar diseases have been supplied, though the guiding rule of treatment is that all cases must be studied and treated individually and without dependence upon any set system or courses of treatment. In brief, the facilities and treatment provide for a combination of every proved method adapted to benefit the varying phases of disease.

The Sanatorium has recently been incorporated, -at a value of \$150,000, with the following directorship: Dr. Hyman Lischner, president ; Dr. Frances R. Lischner, secretary ; Dr. H. P. Emeis, R. C. Allen, director Southern Trust and Commerce Bank, and W. B. Frisbee, City Passenger Agent, Santa Fe Railway.

Dr. Lischner has given much of his time and enthusiastic leadership to certain phases of public health work. He is physician to the Girls' and Boys' Aid Society Home and one of its directors, and for a time was physician to the Helping Hand Home. He is physician to the Imperial Valley Home, an institution for homeless or orphan children. He is one of the highly esteemed members of the San Diego Medical Society, the California State Medical Association, American Medical Association, American Institute of Homeopathy, American Physical Therapeutical Society and honorary member of the Pi Upsilon Rho fraternity. He is also a member of the San Diego Chamber of Commerce, in politics is a republican, is a Scottish Rite Mason, affiliated with San Diego Lodge No. 35, F. and A. M., and Al Bahr Temple of the Mystic Shrine, and is a past president of the San Diego Lodge, Independent Order of B'nai B'rith. Dr. and Mrs. Lischner are members of the Universal Brotherhood and Theosophical Society at Point Loma, and their home is at 3918 La Cresta Drive in Point Loma. Dr. Hyman Lischner's offices are in the Spreckels Building.

At San Diego April 10, 1914, he married Miss Frances R. Rieger, of New York City. She is also a native of Russia, and is a graduate physician of the New York Women's College (1907). She served as an interne in the Delphia Women's Hospital in Philadelphia, for a time was also in the Westboro State Hospital at Westboro, Massachusetts, and in 1911 came to San Diego. She is physician in charge of the Lischner Sanatorium for Children. Dr. and Mrs. Lischner have one daughter, named Esther Miriam.

DANIEL SCHUYLER was a thoroughly successful business man, accumulated a fortune by his participation in the oil industry in the East, and had the good fortune to choose many years ago San Diego as the home for his years of rest. As a citizen of San Diego he justified every quality of public spirit that benefits a community. His passing on April 22, 1921, was regarded as a real misfortune to a city where he had lived so many years.

Mr. Schuyler was a native of Akron, Ohio, began attending school there, but completed his education in Buffalo, New York. His first efforts in a business way were extended in the wholesale grocery trade, but subsequently he went into the oil regions of Pennsylvania, and there'

laid the foundation of his fortune. He had the vigor and enterprise of the typical oil man, also a mind of rare qualities, and his uprightness and honest^y enabled him to maintain a constant progress in business and achieve the respect and esteem of all his associates.

Mr. Schuyler married Miss Lydia Baker of Buffalo, New York. They first visited California in 1873, remaining two years, and while here invested in real estate and made plans contemplating a permanent residence. They made four different trips back and forth, at one time sojourning ten years, and about twenty years ago began a residence which continued until Mr. Schuyler's death. His first real estate purchase was the site at Twenty-fourth Street between E and D streets. This included a beautiful hill which he named Golden Hill, and for years he was known as the father of Golden Hill. At the top of this eminence he erected the splendid concrete and steel structure known as the Golden View Apartments. Almost as soon as he had completed the apartments he sold the building, but he retained a life lease on the top floor, which he had specially constructed as his own home and in which Mrs. Schuyler still resides. This is one of the most luxurious and beautiful homes in San Diego. One of the primary considerations in building and equipping it was to take advantage of the remarkable view on all sides. The windows were placed so as to command the unsurpassed vista including the bay, the islands off the coast of Lower California, the City of San Diego setting out below, the marine and naval bases and activities, Point Loma, Balboa Park and the mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. Schuyler had one daughter, but she died at the age of six years.

LEROY A. WRIGHT is one of the leading members of the San Diego bar and has been practicing his profession in San Diego for over thirt^y years. He was born in New London, Indiana, February 10, 1863. the son of L. S. and Gulielma Wright.

Before coming to San Diego he was editor and publisher of the Western School journal at Topeka, Kansas, and for two years city editor of the Kansas State Journal, published at Topeka, Kansas. From 1887 to 1889 he was engaged in newspaper business in San Diego, and was for nearly two years city editor of the San Diego Union.

He has practiced law in San Diego since 1891. For about five years he was a member of the firm of Daney & Wright and later the senior member of the firm of Wright, Schoonover & Winnek, and at the present time is the senior member of the firm of Wright & McKee with offices in the Southern Title Building. This firm numbers among its clients some of the leading corporations of the city and it has been identified with a number of cases that have attracted widespread attention and interest.

Mr. Wright's standing at the bar in San Diego is firmly established, and he is held in high esteem and confidence by the fellow members of his profession and his clients. Until a few years ago he took an active part in public affairs. He was a member of the first Board of Park Commissioners served two terms on the Labor Board; and was eight years representative of the Fortieth Senatorial District in the State Senate. He has also been chairman of the County Republican Central Committee and a member of the Republican State Executive Committee. He is also identified with a number of business interests in San Diego, being vice president of the Southern Title Guaranty Company, a director of the Southern Title Guaranty Company, a director

of the Southern Trust and Commerce Bank, a director of the San Diego Oil Products Corporation and of the U. S. Grant Company, and also a director of the Caruthers State Bank of Somerton, Arizona.

REV. THOMAS F. KING, Twenty years of devoted service in different parts of Southern California have made Father King widely known among the Catholic priesthood. His great work, the crowning achievement of his life as a priest so far, has been the rectorship of St. John's Parish at San Diego.

Thomas F. King was born in Ireland in 1879, son of Patrick and Bridget (O'Niel) King. When he was nine years of age his parents came to America. He acquired a parochial school education, attended Notre Dame University, and took his theological course in the Seminary at Niagara University, where he was ordained in 1901.

His first assignment of duty was as assistant priest in St. Joseph's parish at San Diego. He remained there until 1903 and for the following year served at the Santa Ynez Mission near Santa Barbara, one of the oldest and best preserved missions of California. From 1904 to 1908 Father King was laboring in St. Sebastian parish at Santa Paula, and was then made pastor of San Joaquin parish at Madera, California. From there he came in 1918 to St. John's parish at San Diego.

Eight years ago, on Normal Heights, when San Diego was beginning its great eastward and northward expansion, the Rev. L. P. Golden erected St. John's Church. Father Golden purchased for the parish eight lots on Normal and Lincoln streets. He labored faithfully with his small congregation, and made considerable progress until his health failed. Then, on March 1, 1918, a worthy successor was found to take up and continue his work in Father King. The latter entered upon his duties as pastor when the parish numbered only thirty-five members. In the subsequent three years St. John's has enjoyed perhaps an unprecedented growth, since there are now approximately seven hundred members. The church edifice was considered too large when he came there, and now it has become really inadequate for the needs of the numerous worshipers. In every department there has been progress and growth. Soon after Father King's arrival St. John's Hall was built. September 8, 1919, the hall was made available as a temporary parochial school under the supervision of the Sisters of St. Joseph. It has an enrollment of 150 children. At the opening of the school term in September, 1921, much to the delight of the pastor and parishoners, St. John's beautiful new school was ready for occupation and the Hall is now used for its original purpose, for parish meetings and social functions. Another item in the constructive program is the Ivell constructed twelve room parochial residence. Father King has now an assistant in his labors in the person of Father J. J. Fortier.

FAY VAN NESS TILDEN PERRY. As a member of the coterie of remarkable women who in recent years have attracted general attention to San Diego, California, by their achievements, none have been more popular in club and social life or more successful in her special line of work than Mrs. Fay (Van Ness) (Tilden) Perry, formerly director of the Golden Hill Playgrounds and the capable organizer of many social bodies that in various ways have contributed culturally to San Diego.

Mrs. Perry was born at Dayton, in Sheridan County, Wyoming, and is a daughter of William I. and Lyda (Mock) Van Ness. Her father owned a large stock ranch in that county. Her mother is a

daughter of Robert Mock, who bears a well known name in Wyoming, where for years this family has owned and operated great ranch properties. The mother of Mrs. Perry has been engaged in literary work all her life, her contributions to newspapers and magazines appearing under the pen name of Lyda Ramsey. When but three years old little Fay accompanied her parents on travels all through the Northwest and Canada, and she had reached the age of nine years when a permanent home was established at Los Angeles, where she became a pupil in the public schools and subsequently was graduated from the high school. In the following year she entered the University of Southern California, where she took special instruction in playground and physical educational work, having a natural inclination in this direction.

In 1914 Miss Van Ness was united in marriage to Frank O. Tilden, whose grandfather, Samuel Tilden, a native of North Carolina, established the family in San Diego. Frank O. Tilden was a well known business man of this city, manager and owner of the Packard Tire and Vulcanizing Company. In 1918 Mr. and Mrs. Tilden were stricken with influenza, then epidemic, and Mrs. Tilden alone survived. Recovery of physical health came slowly and mental depression for a time overshadowed a natural bouyant nature. When, at length able to throw this off, like many another bereft woman she felt that her salvation lay in useful activity. After summing up all her acquirements and accomplishments her inclinations turned to what she felt might be developed a congenial career, further training along physical' educational lines.

She returned to the university and took a special course, reviewing her former work, getting practical experience by visiting various playgrounds and giving volunteer service. A natural love of children and aptitude for this kind of work made her success certain. Upon her return to San Diego she entered the Normal School and worked afternoons and evenings at Golden Hill Playgrounds, and after finishing the normal course was placed in full charge of the playgrounds at Golden Hill. With youthful enthusiasm she entered into the spirit of the work and soon endeared herself to the children and equally to their mothers. Her whole-hearted devotion to their interests, her uniform courtesy, her cheerful attitude, and her capacity for bringing about results in undertakings she started aroused their respect, esteem and emulation, and she found friends, both old and young, on every side. During the year and a half that she labored at Golden Hill her center became a place of delightful social activity which reached for and actually succeeded in bringing the families, father, mother and children, into the happy circle.

As an organizer Mrs. Perry achieved notable results. Her first attempt was the organization of the Golden Hill Women's Athletic and Social Club, its purpose being to interest women in healthy, normal exercise and to teach them also graceful ball room and athletic dancing. She also organized the San Souci Club, the Sunrise Club, the Golden Hill Civic Center Adults Friday Night Club, the Sunbeam Club, the Young Folks Dancing Club, the Boys Monday Night Club and the Women and Children's Swimming Club. She was president of the Trufflers Club.

After retiring from the work at the Golden Hill Playgrounds she went to Tucson, Arizona, followed by the good wishes of every one and accompanied by a wealth of lovely gifts from her admirers. During her residence at Tucson she occupied herself with conducting classes in dancing, which were well attended and when she left there to return to San Diego good wishes and flattering business propositions attended her.

During the American Legion Carnival at San Diego she was the favorite army candidate for queen of the festivities. On August 30, 1921, she was married to John M. Perry, who is in charge of the Physical Education Department of the San Diego High School.

R. LEE BAGBY has lived in San Diego since he was about six years of age, and for the past five years has been winning a very favorable reputation as one of the ablest members of the San Diego bar. Outside of his profession he is interested in some business organizations, and has been an earnest participant in many civic and patriotic enterprises.

R. Lee Bagby was born at Huntington, West Virginia, September 15, 1886, son of Captain Robert and Lucy Lee (Honaker) Bagby. His father was born in Lewis County, Kentucky, February 26, 1832, and served all through the Civil war as a Confederate soldier. For twenty years he was a steamboat captain on the Ohio River, owning and piloting the steamer Fannie Dougan between Huntington, West Virginia, and Cincinnati through many consecutive seasons. He sold this boat on coming to San Diego, where he arrived with his family September 2, 1892. He brought with him the means acquired by his business career in the East, engaged for a time in the restaurant business and also invested in some real estate, but with the deflation process that began in the hard times following the panic of 1896 he lost practically all his fortune. Feeling that he was too old to start over again, he spent his last years harassed by worry, and that undoubtedly shortened his life. He died May 7, 1898, and his wife, on August 4, 1912. Lucy Lee Honaker was born in Carter County, Kentucky, January 12, 1848, and both the Honaker and Bagby families were established in Kentucky more than a century ago. Her mother was a member of the English family, related in terms of first cousinship to Gen. Robert Lee. Robert Lee Bagby is the youngest of three children, his two sisters being Virginia June, connected with the American Legion organization at San Diego, and Fanny Fern Bagby, a musician in Los Angeles. Both daughters were born in Ashland, Boyd County, Kentucky.

R. Lee Bagby attended public school after coming to San Diego, was also a student in the Throop Polytechnic Institute of Pasadena, and finished his professional education in the San Diego Law School, from which he graduated with the class of 1915. He was admitted to the California bar July 22d, and began practice September 1st of that year. He has never formed a partnership and he looks after a general practice as an attorney. Among the interests he represents he is general counsel for the People's National Bank and the National City State Bank, both of National City, and he is president of the Universal Wind Deflector Company of San Diego.

During the World war he was one of San Diego's Four Minute Men. He also offered his service to the army and was accepted for the Motor Transport Corps just about the time the armistice was signed. Mr. Bagby is a member of the San Diego Bar Association, the Lawyers Institute, is a democrat, affiliated with San Diego Lodge No. 35, F. and A. M., and San Diego Lodge No. 168 of the Elks. He and his family reside 4085 Eagle Street in San Diego. He married at Los Angeles Miss Nellie V. Gregory on December 24, 1904. She was born and educated in Los Angeles, attending the Cumnock School of Art and Expression in that city. She is a daughter of J. N. and Anna C. (Fisk) Gregory. Mr. and Mrs. Bagby have two daughters, Virginia Lee, born at San Francisco, and Ruth Viola, a native of San Diego.

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JAMES WILLIAM BROWN, Oph. D. Within recent years the profession of optometrist has been developed to a remarkable extent. Men of unquestioned skill have entered it, and through their services to the public have revolutionized the science of properly fitting people with glasses which, not only serve to correct eyes which are growing old, but also to relieve physical disabilities and provide against further impairment of vision. These results have not come about without much thought and sacrifice of time and experimentation, but the latter stage has been passed and today the reputable practitioner of this important calling knows definitely what is needed and prescribes for his patients just as accurately as does any other professional man. One of the men of San Diego who has reached enviable heights in this line is James William Brown, senior member of the firm operating under the name of the Brown Optical Company at 1011 Fifth Street.

James William Brown was born at Wannamingo, Minnesota, April 12, 1870, a son of William Russell and Cynthia Ann (Christ) Brown. William Russell Brown was a school-teacher for many years, and for eighteen years was superintendent of schools in Big Stone County, Minnesota. During the early '60s he served as postmaster at Wannamingo, Minnesota, and was a man of importance wherever he resided. His death occurred in Minnesota when he was seventy-four years of age, his wife having passed away when she was fifty-seven. They had four sons, all of whom are living, James William being the youngest.

The preliminary educational training of James William Brown was secured in the high school and academy at Ortonville, Minnesota. He was graduated from the latter June 23, 1887. In 1893 he secured the degree of Doctor of Optometry from the Philadelphia Optical School, that of Ophthalmic Scientist from the Schell School of Optics in 1896, and in 1899 secured the degree of Doctor of Ophthalmology from the Chicago Ophthalmic College for post graduate work. He later took a post graduate course in optical work at the South Bend Post Graduate School.

Dr. Brown's first experience with the business world was gained at Ortonville, Minnesota, where he carried on watchmaking and engraving in connection with optical work, and built up a very good business during the twenty years he remained in that city, and during that period gained distinction in his profession. In 1906 he was elected president of the Minnesota State Association of Optometrists. Owing to the poor health of his family Dr. Brown was forced to seek a milder climate, and so resigned his office, and in the fall of 1906 moved temporarily to Pasadena, California, and in a few months removed to San Diego, California, where he established his present business, in which his son, Rollin N. Brown, is now a partner. While at Ortonville Dr. Brown was elected on the republican ticket clerk of the City Court, and served as such for four years, and for eight years served as secretary of Independent School District, Big Stone County, Minnesota. Until within recent years he has been a republican, but is now nonpartisan.

In 1890 Dr. Brown was made an Odd Fellow ; in 1895 he joined the Patriotic Order Sons of America ; in 1890 he became a Modern Woodman of America ; and in 1892 he joined the Daughters of Rebekah. In 1906 he was raised to the third degree in the Masonic Order. He is a past grand of the Odd Fellows. Since locating at San Diego Dr. Brown has connected himself with the Chamber of Commerce, the Mission Board and the San Diego-California Club. He belongs to All Saints Episcopal Church of San Diego. For some years he has been a mem-

her of the National Geographic Society of Washington, District of Columbia.

On November 27, 1890, Dr. Brown married at Ortonville, Minnesota, Flora Elizabeth Van De Bogart, who was born at White Hall, Wisconsin. They have two sons and one daughter, namely: Louis V., Rollin N. and Nyla E. Louis V. Brown was educated at Ortonville, Minnesota. Rollin N. attended the schools of Pasadena and the Minnesota and San Diego High Schools, and Nyla E. is now a student of the latter school and also a student of piano and voice.

The Browns are of Scotch-Irish ancestry. Two brothers bearing that name, who were Orangemen, came to the American Colonies from Ireland in 1745, and here found refuge from persecution. The mother's family were of Pennsylvania-Dutch stock. Inheriting as he does the sturdy qualities of the latter, combined with the more brilliant talents of the former, Mr. Brown has always possessed the characteristics which lead men to success no matter in what channel they direct their efforts. Both at Ortonville and San Diego he has made his influence felt, and it has always been exerted in behalf of progress and sane and well-organized improvements.

Rowx BROWN, junior member of the firm of Brown and Brown, operating under the name of the Brown Optical Company, is one of the skilled practitioners of his profession and an optometrist of considerable note. He was born at Ortonville, Minnesota, August 19, 1894, a son of James William and (Flora Van De Bogart) Brown, and grandson of William Russell and Cynthia Ann (Christ) Brown. The grandfather was an eminent school-teacher in Minnesota for many years, and held the office of postmaster of Wannamingo under President Lincoln. James William Brown was born at Wannamingo, Minnesota, April 12, 1870, and has spent his life in optical work, for which he prepared himself by various courses in institutions devoted to the subject. A sketch of him appears above.

Growing up in his native city, Rollin N. Brown received the educational advantages offered by its public schools, and supplemented this by attendance at the grammar schools of Pasadena, California, and the San Diego High School. Later he took a commercial course at the Kelsey-Jenney Business College of San Diego, and still later secured his degree of Doctor of Optometry in 1919 from the Los Angeles School of Medicine, Ophthalmology and Optometry, and is now engaged in the practice of his profession in conjunction with his father. During the interval between his completion of his business course and his entering the Los Angeles school he worked as a draughtsman in an architect's office for two years. During the World war Mr. Brown entered the army, and for eight months was stationed at Vancouver, Washington. The signing of the armistice prevented his being sent overseas.

The Brown Optical " Company, which occupies the ground floor of the First National Bank Building, 1011 Fifth Street, handles all kinds of optical goods, compasses and thermometers, artificial eyes, and manufactures its own glasses and frames. Eyes are examined by appointment, prescriptions are filled, and lenses are duplicated.

Like his father, Mr. Brown, formerly was a republican, but is now non-partisan. He belongs to the Gamma Chapter of Delta Omega Greek Letter College fraternity, and the National Geographic Society of Washington, District of Columbia.

On April 10, 1918, Mr. Brown was married at East San Diego, California Alta Pearl Hobson, who was born at Lowder, Illinois, but was educated at Seattle, Washington, Big Pine, California, the San Diego High School, and was graduated from the Kelsey-Jenney Business College of San Diego. She is a daughter of Edward Oscar and Etta May (Lamb) Hobson. It is amusing to note that Mrs. Brown's mother's maiden name was Lamb, and that her mother's maiden name was Kid. Mr. Hobson was a road contractor for a number of years, but is now a contracting carpenter. For three years he maintained connections with the Hercules Powder Company. Richmond Pearson Hobson, the hero of the Merrimac, is a fifth cousin of Mrs. Brown.

Although a young man, Mr. Brown has already risen high in his profession and community, and has a brilliant future before him. He is very enthusiastic with reference to his home city, and a great booster for it and for the Golden State.

MORRIS BINNARD is one of the sons of the Empire State who have achieved distinction in legal circles of San Diego. Engaged in general practice here since 1911 he has attained a recognized position in his profession and at the same time has been an active participant in progressive civic affairs. Mr. Binnard was born at Rochester, New York, February 9, 1879, a son of James and Annie (Aaron) Binnard.

James Binnard was born in Russia and was a young and poor man when he immigrated to the United States during the latter '50s or early '60s. He settled at Buffalo, New York, where in the fifty-year-ago columns of the Buffalo Evening News he had mention regarding the manufacture of corsets, spiral astles and hoop skirts, a business with which he was identified both at Buffalo and Rochester. He was married in Buffalo, and during the early '80s took his family to Eugene, Oregon, where he began life anew in a strange and undeveloped country. A short time thereafter he went to Palouse, Washington, where he became a prominent figure among the courageous men and women who contributed to the early development of that section. In a small way he opened a general mercantile store, which under the impetus of his ambition, energy and wise management became a successful and important enterprise, while its proprietor became one of the most respected and beloved men of this new country. In 1888 Palouse City was swept by a disastrous conflagration, which practically wiped out the business district, consisting of several blocks on Main Street. Mr. Binnard was one of the heaviest losers by reason of this fire, but, forgetting his own loss and realizing only the 'misfortunes of others, he zealously threw himself into the work of assisting his fellow-citizens through their difficulties. So intense was his zeal that he overestimated his physical endurance and this was the immediate cause of his death, which occurred May 24, 1888. He passed away sincerely mourned by those whom he had loved and esteemed and by whom, in turn, he had been held in the greatest respect and affection. A sweet, gentle character, his community was the better for his having lived in it. In Annie (Aaron) Binnard, James Binnard had a mate who was wholly worthy in every way to be the wife of a man of such gentle strength and uprightness of character. Mrs. Binnard, also a native of Russia, was the embodiment of everything that a faithful and loving wife should be, and endured with cheerfulness the many hardships of the new country in which she found herself at her husband's side. She lived to the ripe old age of seventy-four years, and passed away at San Diego in 1916.

There were thirteen children in the family, nine sons and four daughters, of whom six sons and one daughter are living, Morris being the only one at this time permanently located in California.

Morris Binnard was only nine years of age when his father died, and much of his boyhood and youth was passed in the school of adversity and experience. After acquiring a public school education at Palouse, Washington, he commenced reading law under the late Judge John N. Kirk, of Butte, Montana, one of the ablest lawyers of that state, with whom Mr. Binnard remained nearly six years. In 1901, at Helena, Mr. Binnard was admitted to the bar of Montana, and from 1905 to 1911 was engaged in practice at Butte. On April 20 of the latter year he came to San Diego, was admitted to the California bar shortly thereafter, and has since been engaged in a general practice, his offices at present being Suite 911, First National Bank Building. Mr. Binnard possesses marked individuality and originality. His opinions are neither inherited nor acquired from others, but are the result of his own careful and conscientious investigation and deliberation. As a lawyer he is distinguished for clearness of perception, tireless industry and keen discrimination. His high standing at the San Diego bar is firmly established.

Mr. Binnard, as before noted, has always taken an active part in progressive civic affairs. He was chairman of the San Diego County Democratic Central Committee during President Wilson's second campaign. In the war period he gave, practical aid to all movements and was one of the "Four-Minute Men" during the Loan drives. Mr. Binnard has a number of social and other connections being a member of San Diego Lodge No. 168, B. P. O. E. ; past counsel of the Modern Woodmen of America ; past president of the Cabrillo Club ; president of the Montana State Society of San Diego ; past president of the Independent Order of B'nai B'rith and a member of the San Diego County Bar Association and the Lawyers Institute of San Diego County.

Mr. Binnard was married, February 12, 1902, at Butte, Montana, to Miss Minnie Brodeck, of that city.

JosE^PH MASTEN KENDALL has for the past four years engaged himself in business as a distributor at San Diego of Colton Portland cement. He was formerly in the lumber business both as a manufacturer and dealer, until he -took over the agency for this cement, with offices in the Timken Building.

Mr. Kendall is a native son of California, born at Oakland, December 20, 1884, son of Frank I. and Margaret L. (Masten) Kendall. His ancestry is a distinguished one on both sides. Francis Kendall lived in western England in the early part of the seventeenth century. During the English Civil war he was driven to Holland, and in 1652 came to America and settled in Massachusetts. in what was then Charlestown township. On the later subdivision of this township his residence was in what is known in modern times as Woburn. Joseph M. Kendall, of San Diego, represents the ninth generation of the Kendall family, beginning with Francis. A member of the fourth generation was Obadiah Kendall, who for a number of years owned and operated a noted grist mill known as Kendall's Mill at Woburn. This mill was constructed about 1720, standing at the junction of Cambridge and Russell streets, near Lexington Street, in that part of Woburn called Cummingsville. It was a very popular and essential institution to the people of Lexington and Woburn, and Obadiah Kendall had a genius which seemed to impart a special quality to the corn grist ground

through the millstones. The quality of that old fashioned "Indian meal" is a memory preserved now only by people who lived before the modern roller process of milling was introduced, and that quality has been imitated with only partial success by modern millers. Only the ruins of this old mill still stand. There were Kendal's who were soldiers in the Revolutionary war.

The Masten family belongs to New York. Cornelius C. Masten was born in Ulster County, New York, November 22, 1754, and died there July 20, 1807. He was a private in the First Regiment, Ulster County Militia, Col. Johannes Snyder in command. His signature appears on a receipt roll of Snyder's regiment, showing that said Masten received the sum of eleven shillings, twelve pence for pay and subsistence for the year 1780-81, the last in the Revolutionary war. His signature also appears on an assignment of land bounding right made 1w members of a class in Colonel Snyder's regiment, said land being due them for having secured the service of Gerret Constipal. Masten's assignment was made to Thomas Stern on March 5, 1780.

A later member of the Masten family was the late Nathan K. Masten, maternal grandfather of Joseph M. Kendall. This Nathan Masten was a pioneer railroad builder of the West and a man of great fortune. He built and owned and was president of the Maricopa and Phoenix Railway in Arizona, a line later sold to the Harriman interests.

Frank I. Kendall, father of the San Diego business man, was born at Woburn, Massachusetts, while his wife was a native of San Francisco. Frank Kendall for many years was an official of the Maricopa and Phoenix Railway in Arizona. For many years his home was in San Diego, but recently he returned to Oakland, California, where he and his wife now live retired. All their children, four sons and two daughters, are living, Joseph M. being the third child and second son.

He was educated in the public schools of Oakland, and on leaving school was employed for a brief time in the Risdon Iron Works at San Francisco and later by the Healy-Tibbitts Construction Company in the same city. Mr. Kendall came to San Diego in February, 1907, a year after the San Francisco fire. For a time he had charge of the warehouse of the Coronado Beach Company and later bought a controlling interest in the National City Lumber Company, subsequently changing it to the National Lumber and Mill Company. After a few years he obtained an interest in the Chula Vista Lumber Company. Mr. Kendall on selling his lumber interests opened his office in San Diego to give his exclusive attention to handling for this district Colton Portland cement. During the past three years he has supplied enormous quantities of this brand to contractors for some of the greatest public works in Southern California, including the Otay Dam, U. S. Naval Air Station at North Island, Marine Barracks at San Diego, Camp Kearney, for a number of street paving and county highway contracts in San Diego and San Diego County, also the Holzwasser Building on Broadway and Fifth in San Diego, and the Fort Rosecrans paving job. Mr. Kendall is now contemplating an extension of his business to include general permanent fireproof building materials, such as steel, crushed rock, etc., as well as building supplies and equipment, having recently accepted the management of the Maritzen-Kuns Company for San Diego.

His family were numerously represented by active service in the World war, two of his brothers being in France, three brothers-in-law with the colors, and fourteen cousins. Mr. Kendall is a republican. He is past master of Southwest Lodge No. 283, F. and A. M., at National City, is a member of all the Scottish Rite bodies at San Diego, and is

affiliated with Al Bahr Temple of the Mystic Shrine. He is a member of San Diego Lodge No. 168, Brotherhood Protective Order Elks, is a member of the Sons of the American Revolution, the San Diego Advertising Club, Kiwanis Club, San Diego Country Club and the Chamber of Commerce. He made the tour with the Shriners delegation from San Diego over the United States in 1915. He is a member of the Episcopal Church. Mr. Kendall for years has been interested in music, a talented tenor singer and violinist and for the past four years has been a member of the quartet choir of the Unitarian Church.

In St. Paul's Episcopal Church at San Diego, June 23, 1909, Mr. Kendall married Miss Cora Edmonds, daughter of Bishop J. and Annie (Vroon) Edmonds. Her mother is still living at San Diego. Her father, now deceased, was city auditor of San Diego under the mayor's administration of Captain Sehon and later bought the People's National Bank at National City and subsequently established the People's State Bank at Chula Vista. Mrs. Kendall was born at New Brunswick, New Jersey, but has spent most of her life in Southern California and was educated in the schools of San Diego. For a number of years she has been a member of the Zlac Rowing Club. Mr. and Mrs. Kendall, who reside at 315 West Walnut Avenue, San Diego, have two daughters, Mary Elizabeth and Margaret Louise, the former born in San Diego and the latter in National City.

GILBERT C. ARNOLD, who died August 16, 1920, was one of Southern California's best known real estate men. He had lived in California sixty-seven years, was a resident of San Diego forty years, and continued his personal interest in his business almost to the time of his death, though he had been in ill health for a year.

He was born at Toulon, Illinois, July 13, 1846, and was about seven years of age when his parents came out to California in the spring of 1853. His mother died the same year in Stanislaus County, and his father then moved to Solano County, to a stock ranch. Gilbert C. Arnold grew up on his father's ranch and in 1869 graduated from the University of the Pacific at San Jose. While in the University he met Miss Susie J. McConaughy, of Yreka, and on October 10, 1870, they were married. Mr. Arnold continued farming in Central California until 1876, when for reasons of health he moved to San Francisco and entered the real estate and brokerage business. He paid his first visit to San Diego in 1878, and at once became convinced of the unrivalled advantages of the locality and as soon as he was assured that the Santa Fe Railway would be constructed to San Diego he moved his business headquarters there, in 1880. For many years he continued an interest in his San Francisco office, his business partner being his brother, C. M. Arnold. They continued in business as Arnold Brothers for a number of years. Later the firm was Arnold, Jeffrey & Mouser, which is credited with being the oldest regular real estate firm in the city. Still later he was alone in business under his own name and in 1907 established the firm of G. C. Arnold & Son, which is now continued by his son, C. E. Arnold, under the firm name of the Arnold Realty Company. Having been in business for forty years, he was the pioneer in his line in Southern California. His personal integrity was the dominant characteristic in both his business and civic career. He stood by every business promise made, and was many times called upon to act as a private administrator for estates in San Diego County. In 1886 the Escondido Land Company granted the University of Southern California a concession of a thousand lots as the site of a seminary.

Mr. Arnold was appointed trustee of the property, and had complete supervision during the erection of the three story brick building formerly known as the Escondido Seminary and now the Escondido High School. It is still regarded as one of the best constructed school buildings in the state. The original cost was forty thousand dollars, but it could not be duplicated for seventy-five thousand dollars. Every penny went into material and workmanship, and for years it has been pointed out as a monument to the honesty, experience and good management of the late Mr. Arnold. He also built the six thousand dollar school house at Ramona, and for years was secretary of the Board for Ramona and Escondido Seminaries. He was the man chiefly responsible for securing the location of the State Normal School for San Diego. Mr. Arnold was one of the originators of the University of Fine Arts, a protected institution of higher education still commemorated in what is known as the University Heights District. It was the good business judgment and able management as secretary and director of the College Hill Land Company that developed this tract and made it possible for University Heights to survive the twenty years of hard times following the breaking of the boom in 1887.

Among other business interests he was a director of the Southern Title Guaranty Company. He was one of the early members of the Grange organization in California, and served a term as a member of the City Council, until the adoption of the new charter of 1889. For a great many years he was actively identified with the First Methodist Episcopal Church, and in politics was a republican. He was a past master of San Diego Lodge No. 35, F. and A. M., a member of the Royal Arch Chapter and Knights Templar Commanders and Al Bahr Temple of the Mystic Shrine.

Mr. Arnold's first wife died in 1888. He was three times married, and his last wife passed away April 5, 1917. He is survived by three sons and one daughter, all children of his first marriage. They are: Mrs. Stella E. Weston, of San Diego; Raymond L., a manufacturing jeweler; Leroy H., in the plumbing business at San Diego; and Charles E.

CHARLES E. ARNOLD, continues as owner and manager of the oldest real estate business in Southern California, established and conducted forty years by his father, the late G. C. Arnold, whose interesting record, as a Californian is given above.

Youngest son of Gilbert C. and Susie (McConaughy) Arnold, Charles E. was born at San Francisco June 11, 1880. his parents removing to San Diego in the fall of the same year. He is, therefore, almost a life long resident of San Diego. He attended the grammar and high schools here and has had an interesting range of business experience. For a year or two he was employed in the circulation department of the San Diego Union. Then for six years he was connected with local banking institution. for two years with the Merchants National Bank and four years with the Bank of Commerce and Trust Company, of which he was teller for two Years. In 1907 he became associated with his father in the real estate business, under the title of G. C. Arnold & Son, a firm name that was retained for a year after the death of his father, until March, 1921, when it became the Arnold Realty Company, with Charles E. Arnold as owner and manager. This company still retains the advantages derived from forty years of active experience and is a complete organization for handling all classes of real estate and

realty properties and all the financial and technical details involved in their management.

Mr. Arnold, who is unmarried, has to his credit two years and four months of service in the United States Navy during the World war. He volunteered, was commissioned an ensign, and was on duty in California waters until his honorable discharge April 14, 1921. For years he has been prominent in marine sports, and is one of the leading members of the San Diego Rowing Club. As coxswain, he has three medals won in state championship races with crews along the coast. He is a member of San Diego Post No. 1, American Legion, Native Sons of the Golden West, Cuyamaca Club, San Diego Country Club, San Diego Realty Board, California Real Estate Association, and is affiliated with San Diego Lodge No. 35, F. and A. M., the Royal Arch Chapter, San Diego Commandery No. 25, K. T., Al Bahr Temple of the Mystic Shrine, Southern Star Chapter of the Eastern Star and Red Star Lodge No. 153; Knights of Pythias. In politics he gives his vote according to his independent judgment.

WIRIANTH E. SELLECK, D. V. S., a veterinary surgeon of exceptional ability, became a resident of San Diego, California, in the year 1892, and in this state he passed the remainder of his life, the while he left a definite impress as a man of fine character and worthy achievement. He was born in Wisconsin, and was forty-nine years of age at the time of his death, which occurred at El Centro, Imperial County, California, December 12, 1910. He had long maintained his residence in the State of Nebraska, whence, in 1892, he came to California and established the family home at San Diego, where he was called upon to render special professional service under the direction of the board of supervisors of San Diego County. Upon leaving San Diego, Dr. Selleck resided, for varying intervals, at Escondido, Santa Ana, and Los Angeles, and upon his return to San Diego he was appointed county veterinarian, an office of which he continued the incumbent three and one-half years. He resigned this position in July, 1910, and removed to El Centro, in the Imperial Valley, where his death occurred in the following December. He and his only daughter, Mary E., now the widow of John J. Sharkey, of San Diego, established their home at El Centro, the devoted wife and mother having died in 1908, and he accepted the position of county veterinarian of Imperial County. His impaired health compelled him to resign this office, November 1., 1910, and his death occurred on the 12th of the following month. He had by mistake taken a drink of poison while he was preparing to answer a professional call. He had supposedly poured out a tonic, but the draught proved to be a combination of aconite and belladonna, from a misplaced bottle in his case, and after drinking the mixture he fell to the floor in great pain. Medical skill proved ineffectual, and he died in a sanitarium in El Centro two days after taking the fatal drug.

Doctor Selleck was one of the first and most urgent advocates of the construction of a boundary fence between the United States and Mexico, to keep the Mexican cattle outside the borders of the United States. His knowledge of veterinary science made him realize fully the menace caused by the Mexican cattle, usually covered with ticks and often in diseased condition, and he worked earnestly to bring about the preventive measure that would obviate the afflicting of cattle in the Imperial Valley and San Diego County from this source. It was mainly due to his indefatigable work that the boundary fence was finally constructed.

Mrs. Mamie J. (Bryan) Selleck, wife of the late Dr. William E. Selleck, died at San Diego, on the 16th of March, 1908. Her father and the father of William Jennings Bryan were brothers and both were pioneer settlers in Nebraska. Besides the daughter already mentioned, one son also survives Doctor Selleck—Charles G. Selleck, of whom individual mention is made in the following sketch.

CHARLES Gu^y SELLECK was not yet three years of age when his parents established their home in California, and thus in sentiment and personality he has the virtual attributes of a native son of this great commonwealth. He is a representative member of the • bar of San Diego County, has served in offices of distinctive public trust, along the line of his profession, is an influential figure in the local councils of the republican party, as chairman of the Republican County Committee of San' Diego County, and he is specially prominent in the affairs of the Improved Order of Red Men, in which fraternity he is serving in 1921 as great senior sagamore of the Great Council of California. He is now the incumbent of the office of city prosecutor of San Diego. ,to which office he was appointed by the city council, in 1919, for a term of two years.

Mr. Selleck was born at Lincoln, capital of the State of Nebraska, on the 17th of April, 1889, and is a son of Dr. William E. and Mamie J. (Bryan) Selleck, the former of whom died at El Centro, California, December 12, 1910, and the latter of whom died at San Diego, on the 16th of March, 1908. The parents first came to California in 1892 and after remaining one year at San Diego they removed to Santa Ana. Later the^y resided for some time in Los Angeles, and they then established their home at San Diego. Mrs. Selleck was a cousin of Hon. William Jennings Bryan, her father and the father of the distinguished .Nebraskan having been brothers. Charles G. Selleck is the elder of the two children who survive the honored parents, his sister, Mary E., being now the widow of Tohn J. Sharkey, of San Diego.

Mr. Selleck gained the major part of his early education in the Public schools of Santa Ana, where he was graduated in the high school. Thereafter he was variously engaged for some time, and finally he began reading law under the effective preceptorship of Lewis E. Dadmun, of San Diego. He made rapid progress in his absorption and assimilation of the involved science of jurisprudence and in 1911 was here admitted to the bar. Thereafter he continued in the private practice of his profession in this city until November, 1917, when he was appointed assistant district attorney of San Diego County, of which position he continued in tenure until January 16, 1919, when he was appointed to his present office, that of city prosecutor.

Mr. Selleck is a staunch advocate of the principles and policies of the republican party and has been for ten years a member of the Republican County Committee of San Diego County, of which vigorous organization he has been the chairman since 1916. He has shown marked ability in the manoeuvring of the political forces at his command and .in his civic .attitude he is essentially loyal and progressive.

Mr. Selleck has taken deep interest in the affairs of the Improved Order of Red Men, and holds the supreme office of the order in California, that of great sachem. He has served as great grand senior sagamore, and is the second man to have been elected to these offices from any place in California south of the Tehachapi in the long period of sixty-two years. He is actively affiliated also with the Knights of Pythias.

In the city of Los Angeles, on the 15th of September, 1913, was recorded the marriage of Mr. Selleck to Miss Minnie Green, who was born and reared at San Diego. They have one son, Charles Guy, Jr., born October 2, 1917.

On the preceding pages of this work is entered a tribute to the memory of Dr. William E. Selleck, father of the subject of this sketch.

CHARLES NEWTON WOODWORTH, Among San Diego real estate men Charles Newton Woodworth has a standing represented by sixteen years of continuous activity and a steadily increasing participation in the business representing the transfer of titles to both city and ranch properties in the county and district.

- Mr. Woodworth lived in Minnesota before coming to California, was a teacher in early life, later took- tip life insurance, and insurance was his profession during the first years of his residence in San Diego.

The ancestry of the Woodworth family has been carefully compiled by one of Mr. Woodworth's brothers. The family were originally Norsemen, and from there took part in an expedition under Duke Rollo to Brittany, where, being put in charge of conquered lands, they were known by the French name of Du Boisgarde, a liberal translation of which is The Woodwards. Some centuries later they went to England with William the Conqueror, and were given important responsibilities tunder the kings and acquired extensive estates.

The first of the family in America was Walter Woodward, who came first in 1628, and in 1632 made his second voyage to Plymouth, Massachusetts. He became a large land owner in Massachusetts, building his first home at Scituate with other "men of Kent". The line of descent, including this original progenitor, connects with Charles Newton Woodworth in the tenth generation. The heads of the successive generations were Walter, from England, Walter, his third son. Benjamin, Ebenezer, Ebenezer, John, John, Heman, Thaddeus, Jr., and Charles Newton. Benjamin, of the third generation, bought lands at North Lebanon, Connecticut, and his and other families were among the first in organizing churches, schools and colleges there, and this pioneer work in education and religion as well as in industry has been characteristic of his family through all their history in America. The first Ebenezer Woodworth was associated with the men who established Dartmouth College in New Hampshire. His son, Ebenezer, Jr., was a farmer and singing teacher, and many of his descendants inherited his vocal talent.

This branch of the Woodworths moved to the wilderness of the Ohio country known as the Western Reserve about 1808. One of the leaders in that migration was John Woodworth, Sr., accompanied by some of his brothers and families. They drove their cattle before them, while the women and household goods were carried in ox carts and wagons. Their place of settlement was Ashtabula County. John Woodworth, Sr., was a splendid type of the vigorous pioneer, and at the age of ninety went into the woods and cut down a large tree. His wife was Mary Ingraham, whose family at one time owned all the land now covered by the City of Leeds, England. His son John, Jr., was a man of importance in Ohio, a farmer, teacher and preacher. He married Cloe Bridgeman, of the famous Bridgeman family. She was first cousin to Laura the blind world's wonder.

Heman Woodworth, grandfather of Charles N. Woodworth. married Betsey Tourgee, of a noted family of statesmen and writers, including Albion Tourgee, who wrote the books Bricks without Straw

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and Fools Errand, and who was once U. S. Minister to France. The Woodworth family was represented in most of the wars of the nation, including the Colonial wars, the Revolution and the War of 1812. John Woodworth, Jr., who was born in 1776, was a soldier in the War of 1812.

Heman Woodworth founded of the family in Minnesota in the territorial period. His wife, Betsey, is buried at Minneapolis, her tombstone recording the fact that she died August 8, 1854. Heman Woodworth founded the town of Fremont, a mile south of Clearwater, Minnesota, and operated there a saw mill, stave factory and heading machinery, and manufactured hardwood kitchen utensils. Later the town and post office were discontinued and all the mills moved to Clearwater. The Woodworths took up a homestead at Minnehaha Falls and Heman Woodworth built the seventh house erected at St. Anthony, now part of Minneapolis. He died at Clearwater, Minnesota.

Thaddeus Woodworth, Jr., was a native of Ohio and was a schoolmate with James A. Garfield, who at one time boarded at the Woodworth home. Thaddeus Woodworth on going to Minnesota took up a homestead in what is now the City of Minneapolis, including the site of the Pillsbury flour mills. He learned the carpenter's trade from his father. During the Civil war he was a volunteer in the First Minnesota Heavy Artillery, rising to the rank of petty officer before the close of his service. He was also a Methodist circuit rider in Minnesota and once, when he visited his son in San Diego, he preached a sermon in the Central Christian Church. For fifteen or twenty years his business interests were at Jennings, Louisiana, and he had his home there for several years. He died there, as did also his wife. He married in Minnesota Juliet J. Bentley, whose people moved to Minnesota from New York State.

Charles Newton Woodworth who was born near Fairhaven in Wright County, Minnesota, February 22, 1864, and was second in a family of eight children, seven sons and one daughter. The oldest is Ernest E., of Minnesota. The next after Charles N. is George L., of Hillsboro, Oregon ; Louisa Bell is the wife of Herbert Cater, of St. Cloud, Minnesota ; Lyle A. lives at Loomis, California ; Frank E., of Cravens, Louisiana ; Wynne W. is president of the First National Bank of Ringling, Oklahoma, and also in the oil business in that state, and a son that died in infancy.

Charles N. Woodworth acquired a public school education in Minnesota, and attended a school taught by his father. They walked three miles from home to this school. He also attended the public schools at Clearwater, and between the age of sixteen and seventeen obtained a certificate to teach. For eleven years he taught in district schools at St. Cloud, and was principal of the St. Cloud schools, with several teachers under his supervision. From teaching he gradually worked into the life insurance business, making such success as to justify him in giving all his time to the profession. His headquarters most of the time were in Minneapolis, and he was in that business altogether fourteen years, including the first three years in San Diego.

Mr. Woodworth came to San Diego in 1905, and his early studies of real estate conditions led him to take up that business actively in 1908 as a member of the firm Price, Woodworth & Legge. Later the firm was Woodworth & Legge, and since January, 1920, Mr. Woodworth has been alone, with offices at 932 Seventh Street, handling real estate, insurance, loans and investments. He owns a third interest in the Jamul ranch, comprising nine thousand acres, twenty-four miles from